(Formerly Unit 64)

## **UNIT CERTIFICATION**

# Statement of Completion

Statement of Completion		
3	has satisfactorily completed on- ng in the duty or duties of this Unit under the conditions ow and in accordance with the overall standard(s) for this Unit.	
Duty	Recommend the best course of action when notified of a potential cost overrun.	
Conditions	Given (1) a Cost Reimbursement, Time and Materials, or Labor Hour contract, (2) a notice from the Contractor under FAR 52.232-7 or 52.232-20 regarding costs expected to be incurred, (3) progress reports, and (4) other data from performance monitoring per Unit 58.	
Overall Standard(s)	<ul> <li>In each case, select the course of action that best:</li> <li>Minimizes risk to the Government of incomplete performance.</li> <li>Obtains maximum performance within funds available to the</li> </ul>	

program office.

Correctly prepare the proper document to notify and instruct the contractor on the selected course of action.

Evaluator		
	Name	
	Title	
	Date	

DOCUMENTATION OF OJT ASSIGNMENT(S)			
Description of Assignment:			
Evaluation:			
Completion Date:			
*			

## **Policies**

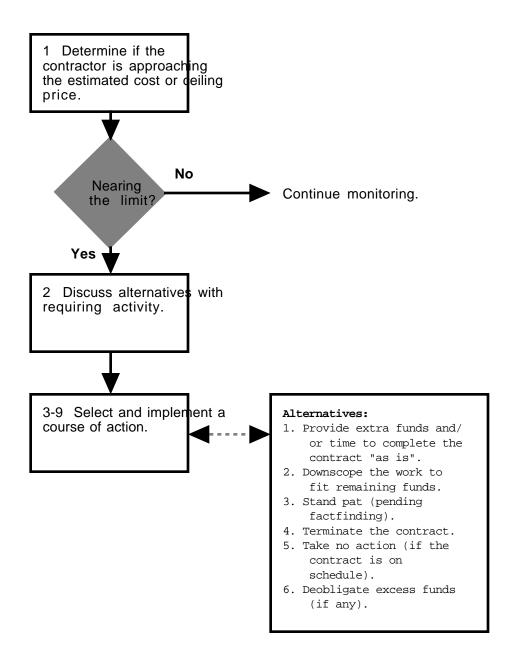
FAR	Agency	Subject
	Suppl.	
32.702		Anti-deficiency policies.
32.704		Limitation of cost or funds.
32.705-2		Clauses.
52.232-7		Payments under Time-and-Materials and Labor-Hour contracts.
52.232-20		Limitation of cost.
52.232-22		Limitation of funds (incrementally funded cost reimbursement
		contracts.

## Other KSA's

1. Knowledge of the Anti-Deficiency Act.

Other Policies and References (Annotate As Necessary):

## LIMITATION OF COSTS



## **Tasks**

## **Related Standards**

1. Determine if the contractor is approach-	1. Contractors may only exceed the limits
	set out in the contract at the risk of not be-
ing either the (1) estimated cost specified	
in the Schedule, (2) limit of funds alloted	ing funded, according to the contract's
or (3) the ceiling price (Time-and-	terms.
Materials or Labor-Hour contract).	
<ul> <li>Notice from contractor.</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Monitoring (per Unit 58).</li> </ul>	
2. Meet with representatives of the requir-	2. Promptly obtain funding and program-
ing activity and/or the contracting officer's	ming information pertinent to the
technical representatives.	contract's continuation. Sufficient
<b>-</b>	information is obtained to select one of the
<ul> <li>Advise the requiring activity of the alternative courses of action that can be taken by the con-</li> </ul>	course of action in task 3.
tracting officer.	
<ul> <li>Obtain the requiring activity's best estimate of</li> </ul>	
cost to complete and determine whether the	
requiring activity can provide sufficient funds	
to cover that cost.	
Obtain the requiring activity's best estimate of	
time to complete.	
Obtain the requiring activity's best estimate of	
minimum steps or tasks yet to be done.	
Obtain the requiring activity's best estimate of	
what can be accomplished within current	
level of funding and whatever additional	
funds can be provided.	
3. Select a course of action.	
Alternatives:	
a. Provide extra funds/time to complete the con-	
tract "as is."	
b. Downscope the statement of work to fit re-	
maining funds.	
c. Stand pat (pending further factfinding).	
d. Terminate (last resort).	
e. Take no action, if the contractor is on sched-	
ule in terms of time and money.	
f. Deobligate and remove excess funds, if any.	
4. Implement a decision to add funds	
and/or time to complete the contract "as	
is."	
If a cost reimbursement contract:	
Meet with contractor to review the statement	
of work, verify the remaining tasks, and	
negotiate the contractor's proposal on cost and	
<ul><li>time to complete.</li><li>Establish the amount of additional funds re-</li></ul>	
quired (per Unit 40) and new delivery date;	
obtain clearance to obligate additional funds	
from the financial management division.	
Determine the consideration to the Govern-	
ment—ordinarily completion of the contract	
with no increase in fee.	
Prepare and execute change to contract (per	
Unit 75).	

## **Tasks**

## **Related Standards**

<ul> <li>5. Implement a decision to downscope the statement of work to fit remaining funds.</li> <li>If a cost reimbursement contract: <ul> <li>Obtain contractor's proposal for adjustment of the fee.</li> <li>Negotiate a new statement of work and fee (per Units 40, 43, 44, and 45).</li> <li>Prepare and execute supplementary agreement (per Unit 75).</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	5. In cost reimbursement contracts, base the adjustment of fee on the percentage of work to be completed in relation to the total work called for in the contract before modification.
6. If the decision is to stand pat pending further factfinding, provide notice to the contractor.	
<ul> <li>State in the notice that:</li> <li>The Government is considering whether to allot additional funds or increase the estimated cost or ceiling price.</li> <li>The contractor is entitled to stop work when the dollar limit has been reached.</li> <li>Any work done beyond the dollar limit will be at the contractor's own risk.</li> </ul>	
7. If the decision is to terminate the contract, terminate per Unit 76.	
8. If the decision is to take no action because the contractor appears to be on schedule in terms of time and money, record that decision for the file.	
9. Implement a decision to deobligate and remove excess funds.	
<ul> <li>If a cost reimbursement contract:</li> <li>Informally notify the contractor of the Government's intent to remove excess funds and obtain feedback from the contractor.</li> <li>Consult program office and prepare revised estimate of cost to complete and the amount of excess funds.</li> <li>Issue a unilateral modification to deobligate and remove excess funds.</li> </ul>	